1 2 3 4 5 6	JOHN H. DONBOLI (SBN: 205218) JL SEAN SLATTERY (SBN: 210965) DEL MAR LAW GROUP, LLP 12250 El Camino Real, Suite 120 San Diego, CA 92130 Telephone: (858) 793-6244 Facsimile: (858) 793-6005 Attorneys for Plaintiff: JEFF CARD, an individu of all others similarly situated	ELECTRONICALLY FILED Superior Court of California, County of San Diego 07/01/2015 at 08:00:00 AM Clerk of the Superior Court By Lila Behr,Deputy Clerk al and on behalf
7 8 9	SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFOR	NIA - COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO
 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	JEFF CARD, an individual and on behalf of all others similarly situated, Plaintiff, vs. JOE'S JEANS, INC., a California Corporation; and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, Defendants.	CASE NO. 37-2015-00021834-CU-BT-CTL CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR: (1) VIOLATION OF BUSINESS & PROFESSIONS CODE SECTIONS 17200 ET SEQ. (CALIFORNIA UNFAIR COMPETITION LAW); (2) VIOLATION OF BUSINESS & PROFESSIONS CODE § 17533.7 (FALSE "Made in U.S.A." CLAIM); (3) NEGLIGENT MISREPRESENTATION
24 25 26 27 28	COMES NOW, plaintiff JEFF CARD ("P general public and all others similarly situated, by /// 	

1	NATURE OF THE CASE		
2	1. This is a California class action case brought on behalf of all purchasers of Joe's		
3	Jeans manufactured, distributed, marketed, and/or sold by JOE'S JEANS, INC. ("Joe's) that		
4	were labeled as "Made in USA" but that contained foreign-made component parts (hereinafter		
5	referred to as "Jeans"). The Jeans are sold at various retail stores in California, including		
6			
7	Nordstrom's and Bloomingdales. The Jeans are also sold by Joe's via its website		
8	(www.joesjeans.com) directly to consumers throughout the United States.		
	2. As stated by the California Supreme Court in <i>Kwikset v. Superior Court</i> (January		
9	27, 2011) 51 Cal.4th 310, 328-29:		
10	Simply stated: labels matter. The marketing industry is based on		
11	the premise that labels matter, that consumers will choose one product over another similar product based on its label and various		
12	tangible and intangible qualities they may come to associate with a		
13	particular sourceIn particular, <u>to some consumers</u> , the "Made in U.S.A." label matters. A range of motivations may fuel this		
14	preference, from the desire to support domestic jobs, to beliefs about quality, to concerns about overseas environmental or labor		
15	conditions, to simple patriotism. The Legislature has recognized		
16	the materiality of this representation by specifically outlawing deceptive and fraudulent "Made in America" representations. (§		
17	17533.7; see also Civ.Code, § 1770, subd. (a)(4) [prohibiting deceptive representations of geographic origin].) The object of		
18	section 17533.7 "is to protect consumers from being misled when		
19	they purchase products in the belief that they are advancing the interests of the United States and its industries and workers		
20			
21	3. Through an unlawful, deceptive and unfair course of conduct, Joe's, and DOES 1		
22	through 100 (collectively "Defendants"), manufactured, marketed, and/or sold a variety of Jeans		
23	to various consumers throughout California with the false designation and representation that		
24	Defendants' Jeans were "Made in USA" during the relevant four year statutory time period. The		
25	"Made in USA" label was clearly printed on the product. Contrary to the "Made in USA" claim,		
26	however, the offending Jeans were manufactured or produced from component parts that were		
27	manufactured outside of the United States in violation of California law.		
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1	PARTIES		
2	4. Plaintiff is an individual residing in San Diego, California.		
3	5. On information and belief, Defendant Joe's Jeans, Inc. is a corporation with its		
4	principle place of business located in California (as per the California Secretary of State website		
5	its principle place of business is 2340 S. Eastern Avenue, Commerce, CA 90040). Joe's can be		
6	served in California via its registered agent for service of process: CSC – Lawyers Incorporating		
7	Service, 2710 Gateway Oaks Drive, Suite 150N, Sacramento, CA 95833.		
8	6. Plaintiff is ignorant of the true names and capacities of the defendants sued herein		
9	as DOES 1-100, inclusive; therefore, Plaintiff sues these defendants by such fictitious names.		
10	Plaintiff is informed and believes that each of the fictitious named defendants are legally		
11	responsible in some manner for the occurrences herein alleged, assisted in and about the wrongs		
12	complained herein by providing financial support, advice, resources or other assistance. Plaintiff		
13	will amend the complaint to allege their true names and capacities when ascertained.		
14	7. Plaintiff is informed and believes that all defendants were agents, servants and		
15	employees of their co-defendants, and in doing the things hereinafter mentioned, were acting		
16	within the scope of their authority as such agents, servants and employees with the permission		
17	and consent of their co-defendants.		
18	JURISDICTION AND VENUE		
19	8. This Court has jurisdiction in this matter because Defendants routinely transact		
20	business in San Diego County.		
21	9. Venue in this Court is proper pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure §§ 395 and		
22	395.5 and Business & Professions Code §§ 17203 and 17204 because Defendants do business in		
23	San Diego County and Plaintiff's transaction took place in San Diego County.		
24	GENERAL ALLEGATIONS COMMON TO ALL CAUSES OF ACTION		
25	10. Plaintiff incorporates herein each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1		
26	through 9, inclusive, as though fully set forth herein.		
27	11. During the relevant four year statutory time period, Defendants manufactured,		
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	COMPLAINT		

1 marketed, and/or sold Jeans with a "Made in USA" label.

Contrary to the "Made in USA" claim, however, the Jeans were made,
 manufactured or produced with <u>component parts</u> that are manufactured outside of the United
 States. On information and belief, the Jeans are made with foreign-made buttons, rivets, zipper
 assembly, thread, and/or fabric in violation of California law.

13. Not only did Defendants market and represent to consumers that their Jeans were
"Made in USA," but Defendants concealed the true country of origin of their "Made in USA"
labeled Jeans to the California general public. The disclosure of this information was necessary
in order to make Defendants' representation not misleading. Defendants possess superior
knowledge of the true facts which were not disclosed, thereby tolling the running of any
applicable statute of limitations.

12 14. Consumers are particularly vulnerable to these deceptive and fraudulent practices.
13 Most consumers possess very limited knowledge of the likelihood that products, including the
14 component parts therein, claimed to be made in the United States are in fact made in foreign
15 countries. This is a material factor in many individuals' purchasing decisions, as they believe
16 they are supporting American companies and American jobs.

17 15. Consumers generally believe that "Made in USA" products are of higher quality
18 than their foreign-manufactured counterparts. Due to Defendants' scheme to defraud the market,
19 members of the general public were fraudulently induced to purchase Defendants' products.
20 California laws are designed to protect consumers from this type of false representation and
21 predatory conduct. Defendants' scheme to defraud consumers is ongoing and will victimize
22 consumers each and every day until altered by judicial intervention.

23

THE PLAINTIFF TRANSACTION

16. In or around June 2014, Plaintiff purchased a pair of Joe's jeans from a local retail
store in San Diego. At the time of purchase, the product itself was marked with a "Made in
USA" label when it was in fact comprised of component parts made outside of the United States.

27 28 17. Accordingly, Defendants were not entitled to lawfully make a "Made in USA"

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representation because California law requires 100% U.S.-made component parts within a
 product to qualify for a "Made in USA" or "Made in the USA" country of origin designation (as
 it relates to selling in California).

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18. When Plaintiff, and Class Members, purchased Jeans from Defendants, they saw
and relied upon the unqualified "Made in USA" representation to make their purchasing
decisions, which is typical of most California consumers, and they were deceived as a result of
Defendants' actions. These purchasing decisions were supported by the "Made in USA"
representation made by Defendants, which is absent from many of Defendants' competitors (that
are made in Mexico or Pakistan). Plaintiff believed at the time he purchased the Jeans that he
was in fact supporting American jobs and the American economy.

11 19. Plaintiff suffered an "injury in fact" because Plaintiff's money was taken by
 12 Defendants as a result of Defendants' false "Made in USA" claim set forth on the offending
 13 product (through its customary retail channels). Furthermore, he suffered an "injury in fact" by
 14 paying for something he believed was genuinely manufactured in the USA, when it was not.

20. On information and belief, the Jeans at issue in this litigation were manufactured
with substandard foreign-made parts that are of inferior quality to their U.S.-manufactured
counterparts. Essentially, the Jeans are not worth the purchase price paid. Class Members are
entitled to monetary damages or restitution (the specific measure of which is the realm of expert
testimony).

21. 20 U.S.-made component parts are subject to strict regulatory requirements, such as environmental, labor, and safety standards. Foreign-made component parts are not subject to the 21 22 same U.S. manufacturing standards and are inherently of lower quality than their U.S.-made counterparts. Moreover, foreign-made component parts are less reliable and durable than their 23 24 U.S.-made counterparts. As such, the offending Jeans, made with foreign-made component parts (yet unlawfully labeled "Made in USA"), are of inferior quality, less reliable, and fail more often. 25 26 2.2. Plaintiff and Class Members were undoubtedly injured as a result of Defendants'

27 || false "Made in USA" representations that are at issue in this litigation.

1	CLASS ALLEGATIONS		
2	23. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of himself as an individual and on behalf of		
3	all other persons similarly situated in California who purchased Defendants' Jeans. Specifically		
4	excluded from the class are any persons who have a controlling interest in Defendants, any of		
5	Defendants' parent companies, subsidiaries, and Defendants' officers, directors, managers,		
6	shareholders and members of their immediate families, and their heirs, successors and assigns		
7	(the "Class"), pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure § 382 and Business & Professions Code §		
8	17200 et seq. The class also does not include any persons who previously filed suit against		
9	Defendants for similar violations of California law and/or the Hon. Judge presiding over this		
10	matter and his or his judicial staff.		
11	24. Plaintiff alleges no federal claims.		
12	25. All causes of action herein have been brought and may properly be maintained as		
13	a class action pursuant to the provisions of Code of Civil Procedure § 382 because there is a		
14	well-defined community of interest in the litigation and the proposed class is easily		
15	ascertainable:		
16	a. <u>Numerosity</u> : On information and belief, the Class is so numerous that the		
17	individual joinder of all members would be impracticable. The exact number and identities of		
18	the members of the Class are readily ascertainable from the records in Defendants' possession or		
19	that of its retail customers.		
20	b. <u>Common Questions Predominate</u> : Common questions of law and fact		
21	exist as to all members of the Class, and those questions clearly predominate over any questions		
22	that might affect members individually. These common questions of law and fact include, for		
23	example, whether Defendants violated Business & Professions Code § 17533.7 by		
24	misrepresenting the country of origin of the Jeans because component parts within the product		
25	are manufactured outside the United States and whether Defendants' actions in this regard		
26	constitute an unfair, unlawful, or fraudulent business practice pursuant to Business & Professions		
27	Code § 17200 et seq.		
28			

-6-COMPLAINT c. <u>Typicality</u>: On information and belief, Plaintiff's claims are typical of the
 claims of the members of the Class. Plaintiff and all members of the Class sustained damages
 arising out of Defendants' common course of conduct complained herein.

d. <u>Adequacy</u>: Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the
members of the Class because Plaintiff has no interests which are adverse to the interests of
absent class members and because Plaintiff has retained counsel who possesses significant
litigation experience regarding violations of consumer statutes.

8 Superiority: A class action is superior to other available means for the fair e. 9 and efficient adjudication of this controversy since individual joinder of all members would be impracticable. Class action treatment will permit a large number of similarly situated persons to 10 prosecute their common claims in a single forum simultaneously, efficiently and without the 11 unnecessary duplication of effort and expense that numerous individual actions would engender. 12 13 Furthermore, since most class members' individual claims for damages are likely to be modest, the expenses and burdens of litigating individual actions would make it difficult or impossible 14 15 for individual members of the Class to redress the wrongs done to them. An important public interest will be served by addressing the matter as a class action, substantial economies to the 16 17 litigants and to the judicial system will be realized and the potential for inconsistent or 18 contradictory judgments will be avoided.

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FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of Business & Professions Code § 17200 et seq. Against All Defendants)

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26. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein by reference all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 25, inclusive, of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.

24 27. Business & Professions Code § 17200 *et seq*. provides that unfair competition
25 means and includes "any unlawful, unfair or fraudulent business act or practice and unfair,
26 deceptive, untrue or misleading marketing."

27

28. By and through their conduct, including the conduct detailed above, Defendants

engaged in activities which constitute unlawful, unfair, and fraudulent business practices 1 2 prohibited by Business & Professions Code § 17200 et seq. Beginning at an exact date unknown 3 as yet and continuing up through the present, Defendants committed acts of unfair competition, including those described above, by engaging in a pattern of "unlawful" business practices, 4 5 within the meaning of Business & Professions Code § 17200 et seq., by manufacturing, distributing, marketing, and/or selling products with a false country of origin designation and 6 7 violating Business & Professions Code § 17533.7 by falsely claiming that the products referenced herein are "Made in USA" when they are in fact made with component parts 8 9 manufactured outside of the United States.

29. Beginning at an exact date unknown as yet and continuing up through the present, 10 11 Defendants committed acts of unfair competition that are prohibited by Business & Professions Code § 17200 et seq. Defendants engaged in a pattern of "unfair" business practices that violate 12 the wording and intent of the statutes, by engaging in practices that threaten an incipient 13 violation of law, or violate the policy or spirit of laws because its effects are comparable to or the 14 15 same as a violation of the law by manufacturing, distributing, and marketing products with a false country of origin designation and violating Business & Professions Code § 17533.7 by 16 17 falsely claiming that the products referenced herein are "Made in USA" when they are in fact 18 made with component parts manufactured outside of the United States.

a. Alternatively, Defendants engaged in a pattern of "unfair" business
practices that violate the wording and intent of the statutes, by engaging in practices that are
immoral, unethical, oppressive or unscrupulous, the utility (if any) of which conduct is far
outweighed by the harm done to consumers and public policy by manufacturing, distributing,
marketing, and advertising products with the false claim that the products referenced herein are
"Made in USA."

b. Alternatively, Defendants engaged in a pattern of "unfair" business
practices that violate the wording and intent of the statutes, by engaging in practices wherein: (1)
the injury to the consumer was substantial; (2) the injury was not outweighed by any

1 countervailing benefits to consumers or competition; and (3) the injury was of the kind that the 2 consumers themselves could not reasonably have avoided by manufacturing, distributing, 3 marketing, and advertising products with the false claim that the products referenced herein are "Made in USA." 4

5 30. Beginning at an exact date unknown as yet and continuing up through the present, 6 Defendants committed acts of unfair competition, including those described above, prohibited by 7 Business & Professions Code § 17200 et seq. by engaging in a pattern of "fraudulent" business 8 practices within the meaning of Business & Professions Code § 17200 et seq., by manufacturing, 9 distributing, marketing, and/or selling products with a false country of origin designation and 10 violating Business & Professions Code § 17533.7 by falsely claiming that the products referenced herein are "Made in USA." 11

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31. Defendants engaged in these unlawful, unfair and fraudulent business practices 13 for the primary purpose of collecting unlawful and unauthorized monies from Plaintiff and all others similarly situated, thereby unjustly enriching Defendants. 14

15 32. As a result of the repeated violations described herein, Defendants received unearned commercial benefits at the expense of their competitors and the public. 16

17 33. Defendants' unlawful, unfair and fraudulent business practices present a continuing threat to the public in that Defendants continues to engage in unlawful conduct. 18

19 34. Such acts and omissions are unlawful and/or unfair and/or fraudulent and 20 constitute a violation of Business & Professions Code § 17200 et seq. Plaintiff reserves the right 21 to identify additional violations by Defendants as may be established through discovery.

22 35. As a direct and legal result of their unlawful, unfair and fraudulent conduct 23 described herein. Defendants have been and will be unjustly enriched by the receipt of ill-gotten 24 gains from customers, including Plaintiff, who unwittingly provided their money to Defendants 25 based on Defendants' fraudulent country of origin designation.

36. Plaintiff suffered an "injury in fact" because Plaintiff's money was taken by 26 Defendants as a result of Defendants' false "Made in USA" claims set forth on the Jeans. 27

1	37.	Plaintiff and Class Members were undoubtedly injured as a result of Defendants'	
2	false "Made in USA" representations that are at issue in this litigation.		
3	38.	In prosecuting this action for the enforcement of important rights affecting the	
4	public interes	t, Plaintiff seeks the recovery of attorneys' fees pursuant to Code of Civ. Procedure	
5	§ 1021.5, which is available to a prevailing plaintiff who wins relief for the general public.		
6	SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION		
7	(Violation of Business & Professions Code § 17533.7 Against All Defendants)		
8	39.	Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1 through 38,	
9	inclusive, as if set forth in full herein.		
10	40.	Business & Professions Code § 17533.7 provides:	
11			
12		It is unlawful for any person, firm, corporation or association to sell or offer for sale in this State any merchandise on which merchandise or on its	
13		container there appears the words "Made in USA" "Made in America," "U.S.A.," or similar words when the merchandise or any article, unit, or	
14 15		part thereof, has been entirely or substantially made, manufactured, or produced outside of the United States. (Emphasis added).	
16	41.	As stated by the California Supreme Court in Kwikset v. Superior Court:	
17			
18		Simply stated: labels matter. The marketing industry is based on the premise that labels matter, that consumers will choose one product over	
19		another similar product based on its label and various tangible and intangible qualities they may come to associate with a particular	
20		sourceIn particular, <u>to some consumers</u> , the "Made in U.S.A." label matters. A range of motivations may fuel this preference, from the desire	
21		to support domestic jobs, to beliefs about quality, to concerns about	
22		overseas environmental or labor conditions, to simple patriotism. The Legislature has recognized the materiality of this representation by	
23		specifically outlawing deceptive and fraudulent "Made in America" representations. (§ 17533.7; see also Civ.Code, § 1770, subd. (a)(4)	
24		[prohibiting deceptive representations of geographic origin].) The object of section 17533.7 "is to protect consumers from being misled when they	
25		purchase products in the belief that they are advancing the interests of the	
26		United States and its industries and workers	
27	42.	Defendants violated Business & Professions Code § 17533.7 by manufacturing,	
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selling and/or offering to sell merchandise in the State of California with the "Made in USA"
 label as fully set forth herein. The Jeans in this case contain component parts that are
 manufactured outside of the United States.

4 43. It is alleged on information and belief that Defendants' violations of Business &
5 Professions Code § 17533.7 was done with awareness of the fact that the conduct alleged was
6 wrongful and were motivated solely for increased profit. It is also alleged on information and
7 belief that Defendants did these acts knowing the harm that would result to Plaintiff and that
8 Defendants did these acts notwithstanding that knowledge.

9 44. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' violations of Business &
10 Professions Code § 17533.7, Plaintiff and Class members are entitled to restitution of excess
11 monies paid to Defendants by Plaintiff and Class members relating to the false "Made in USA"
12 claims on Defendants' Jeans.

45. Plaintiff suffered an "injury in fact" because Plaintiff's money was taken by
Defendants as a result of Defendants' false "Made in USA" claims set forth on the Jeans.
Furthermore, he suffered an "injury in fact" by paying for something he believed was genuinely
manufactured in the USA, when it was not. See also Paragraphs 16-22 herein.

17 46. Plaintiff and Class Members were undoubtedly injured as a result of Defendants'
18 false "Made in USA" representations that are at issue in this litigation.

47. In prosecuting this action for the enforcement of important rights affecting the
public interest, plaintiff seeks to recover attorneys' fees pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure
§ 1021.5, which is available to a prevailing plaintiff who wins relief for the general public.

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THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(For Negligent Misrepresentation Against All Defendants)

48. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates herein by reference each and every allegation
contained in Paragraphs 1 through 47, as though set forth in full.

26 49. During the relevant statutory time period, Defendants made false "Made in USA"
27 country of origin designations to Plaintiff and Class Members as it pertains to the sale of the

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Jeans.

50. The representation that Defendants' Jeans were "Made in USA" was false as defined by California law. The true facts are that Defendants sold "Made in USA" labeled Jeans with foreign-made component parts in violation of California and federal law.

5 51. When Defendants made the representations set forth above, they had no
6 reasonable grounds for believing them to be true.

52. Defendants made the representations with the intention of inducing Plaintiff and
Class Members to act in reliance upon these representations in the manner hereafter alleged, or
with the expectation that they would so act.

10 53. Plaintiff and Class Members, at the time the representations were made by
11 Defendants, and at the time Defendants took the actions herein alleged, were ignorant of the
12 falsity of the representations and believed them to be true. In reliance on these representations,
13 Plaintiff and Class Members were induced to and did pay monies to purchase Defendants'
14 products.

15 54. Had Plaintiff and Class Members known the actual facts, they would not have
16 taken such action. Furthermore, Plaintiff and other California consumers had no reason to
17 believe that Defendants would act otherwise than as to rely on the "Made in USA" country of
18 origin designation.

19 55. Without knowledge, Plaintiff and Class Members acted on the false country of
20 origin designation and purchased products they did not truly want. Had Plaintiff and Class
21 Members known the actual facts, they would not have taken such action.

56. As a proximate result of the fraudulent conduct of Defendants as herein alleged,
Plaintiff and Class Members paid monies to Defendants, through Defendants' regular retail sales
channels, to which Defendants are not entitled, and have been damaged in an amount to be
proven at trial.

26 57. Plaintiff and Class Members seek damages, prejudgment interest, and reasonable
27 attorneys' fees (pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5) and costs as will be determined at

1	time of trial.	
2	WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for relief and judgment against Defendants, as follows:	
3	PRAYER	
4	1.	Damages according to proof;
5	2.	For a judgment declaring this action to be a proper class action;
6	3.	A declaration that Defendants violated the provisions of California Business &
7	Professions Code § 17200 et seq.;	
8	4	Pursuant to Business & Professions Code § 17204 and pursuant to the equitable
9	powers of th	is Court, a judgment enjoining Defendants, their subsidiaries, affiliates, and their
10	successors, agents, servants, officer, directors, employees, and all persons, acting in concert with	
11	them, directly or indirectly, from engaging in conduct violative of Business & Professions Code	
12	§ 17200 et seq. as more fully described above;	
13	5.	Pursuant to Business & Professions Code § 17204, a judgment requiring
14	Defendants to provide adequate restitution to restore all persons in interest, including all Class	
15	Members, with all monies acquired by means of Defendants' unfair competition;	
16	6.	Plaintiff's reasonable attorneys' fees as it relates to all causes of action pursuant
17	to Code of C	Civil Procedure § 1021.5;
18	7.	For costs of suit incurred herein;
19	8.	For prejudgment interest as allowed by law; and
20	9.	For such other and further relief as this Court finds just, equitable and proper,
21	including, b	ut not limited to, the remedy of disgorgement.
22	Dated: June	DEL MAR LAW GROUP, LLP
23		
24		By: John H. Donboti
25		JL Sean Slattery Attorneys for: JEFF CARD, an individual and
26		on behalf of all others similarly situated
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